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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/920,888	08/03/2001	Brian Davidson	042933/302185	9821
826 ALSTON & BI	7590 05/01/200 RD LLP	EXAMINER		
BANK OF AM	ERICA PLAZA	ELAHEE, MD S		
	RYON STREET, SUIT NC 28280-4000	E 4000	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2614	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/01/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/920,888	DAVIDSON ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		MD S. ELAHEE	2614				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
THE N - Exten after: - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Is ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply repriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 Fe	ebruarv 2008.					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
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•	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) 7-10 and 12 is/are pending in the app	lication.					
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	☑						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9) 🗆 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)	0) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) 🔲 -	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment	i(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 Inforn	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This action is responsive to an amendment filed on 02/08/2008. Claims 7-10 and 12 are pending.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments mailed on 02/08/2008 Remarks have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because of the following:

Regarding claim 10, the applicant argues on pages 2-6 that Beerman fails to teach or suggest a processor being configured to use an identity tag to obtain address information via a network and authorize the downloading of information **not otherwise addressed to any particular entity** via the network to a remote server or terminal identified by the address information associated with the identity tag, in response to receipt of the identity tag. Examiner respectfully disagrees with the argument.

In pages 7-8, lines 16-24 of paragraph 0023, the original specification states,

"So for example if the user sees a website address on an advertisement (such as illustrated in Figure 7) and wishes to have more information about the product/service being advertised, then the user transmits from the personal device an identity tag identifying the personal device to the advertisement. The advertisement is equipped with a receiver that receives the identity tag and registers the identity tag in a memory of the advertisement. The advertisement is connected to the network so that the user's registered identity is used as a means of addressing for the information to be downloaded"

In col.9, lines 25-31, col.13, lines 1-7, Beerman teaches,

"Information processing subsystem 88 may also be configured to authenticate remote device 12 when the remote device attempts to establish a session with messaging server 18. In a specific

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embodiment, authentication is based on remote device identification information transmitted by remote device 12 and which uniquely identifies remote device 12." and

"At step 134, information processing subsystem 88 determines if there are any outbound facsimile or E-mail messages received from remote device 12 which are to be sent to recipients

as indicated by the "addressee" field of the messages."

From the above, it is clear that original specification discloses that the advertisement server uses user's identity to address information to be downloaded. Whereas, Beerman teaches that information system 88 of messaging server 18 [i.e., object device] identifies remote device

12 based on identity of the device. Beerman also teaches that the processing system of the server

determines the destination address of the incoming messages from the device (see col.13, lines 1-

7) and facsimile subsystem 86 faxes the facsimile messages to their recipients via telephone

network 16 (see col.13, lines 27-29). It clearly means that the processing device uses the identity

of the remote device to obtain address of the recipient's device (for example 'fax machine' of

recipient) and authorize the distribution of information via the network to a remote server or

terminal identified by the address information associated with the identity tag. All of these

functions are inherently controlled by processor of the server. Furthermore, examiner depends

upon Parry for the teaching of missing element "processor downloading information" (see

col.11, lines 55-67). Thus the examiner maintains the rejection of the claims in view of Beerman

and Parry.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 7-10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beerman, Jr. et al. (U.S. 6,084,952) in view of Parry (U.S. 7,002,703).

Regarding claims 7, 8, 10 and 12, with respect to fig.1,2,4,5, Beerman teaches a system including a user operable PDA [i.e., portable radio communication device] (col.6, line 28) and an object device connected to a network, the portable radio communication device comprising:

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a transmitter for transmitting a identity tag indicative of the identity of the portable radio

communication device) (fig.4; col.9, lines 25-31).

the messaging server [i.e., object device] comprising a receiver, and a processor (fig.3,

item 80). (Note: receiver is inherent in the messaging server)

in response to the receiver receiving an identity tag transmitted from a portable radio

communication device, the processor being configured to use the identity tag to obtain address

information via the network and authorize the distribution of information not otherwise

addressed to any particular entity via the network to recipients' device [i.e., remote server or

terminal] identified by the address information associated with the identity tag (col.12, lines 42-

45, col.13, lines 1-7).

However, Beerman does not specifically teach processor downloading of information.

Parry teaches processor downloading of information (col.11, lines 55-67). Thus, it would have

been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify

Beerman to incorporate processor downloading of information in order to provide particular

downloaded data to a particular device.

Regarding claim 9, Beerman teaches that the portable radio communication device is

inherently a passive device (fig.2).

Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MD S. ELAHEE whose telephone number is (571)272-7536. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon to Fri from 9:00am to 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-7547. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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/Fan Tsang/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2614 /M. E./ MD SHAFIUL ALAM ELAHEE Examiner Art Unit 2614 April 30, 2008